

Two New Saturnids from South America (Lepid.).

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***Ormiscodes schreiteri*, new species.**

♂.—Palpi, throat and legs morocco red. Head olive brown. Thorax and abdomen above black, the basal segment morocco red, the others showing denuded segmental lines, the anal hairs xanthine orange; abdomen below white overlaid with light brownish olive hairs; sublateral white spots with lateral white points.

Fore wing: a dusky brown oblique streak from base of costa to inner margin, followed by a large triangular white space, its base on costa; medial space dusky drab, somewhat mottled, with white on costa and inner margin; the end of cell blackish brown, with a short white streak on median; a large white reniform spot across disco-cellular from vein 3 to subcostal, containing a baryta yellow spot mottled with black bristly scales, and emitting a white branch on vein 5; terminal third slightly paler than medial space; a postmedial whitish patch from costa to vein 6, and a vertical white line from vein 3 to inner margin; a broad whitish subterminal fascia, inbent from costa to vein 5, then outbent to termen at vein 3 and tornus.

Hind wing thinly scaled, the base and termen suffused with brownish drab, the latter also mottled with white; a faint spot on discocellular edged with white, morocco red hairs on base of inner margin.

Wings below whitish with traces of dusky drab lines, the large discal spot of fore wing seen in transparency as entirely white.

Expanse 68 mm.

Habitat.—Tucuman, Argentine Republic. *Type*.—Cat. No. 27625, U. S. N. M.

***Dirphia lulesa*, new species.**

♂.—Head, palpi and throat tawny. Collar and thorax brownish olive with a few long whitish hairs, the patagia crossed by a white bar and tipped with morocco red, similar tufts on meta-thorax. Abdomen mars yellow with transverse black lines expanding dorsally; lateral white spots; venter brownish drab with transverse mars yellow and tawny lines. Femora thickly clothed with tawny hairs, the tibiae and tarsi black, the tibiae with long white fringe.

Fore wing whitish irrorated with light drab and pale drab gray, also with hair brown scales on disc and still more on

terminal space; base below cell to vein 2 and inner margin dark grayish olive mottled with some long whitish hairs and some morocco red hairs at base of inner margin, limited by a lunular black line crossed by a finer mars yellow line; a few black and yellow hairs in cell above the line; a hessian brown bar on discocellular, its base resting on a similar line on median between veins 3 and 4 and projecting slightly at vein 5, entirely edged with black and mars yellow scales; an outer fine line faintly incurved of black and mars yellow scales from vein 7 to inner margin, a triangular dusky shade from it expanding on costa; an incurved paler shade from apex to tornus defined by absence of black irrorations; veins terminally mars yellow.

Hind wing whitish irrorated with drab and hair brown on outer margin forming a terminal band and a subterminal line, the latter black towards inner margin; costa and disc to post-medial line suffused with flesh pink, the base, cell and inner margin to postmedial with long jasper pink hairs; postmedial line thick, black, incurved below costa then evenly outcurved; a large round black spot over discocellular, its center irrorated with light blue scales; veins terminally mars yellow.

Fore wing below whitish, the costa, cell and beyond near outer line apricot buff, also the veins to termen, the terminal interspaces irrorated with drab and apricot buff; an oval black spot over discocellular containing some whitish scales.

Hind wing below whitish thickly irrorated with drab and apricot buff suffusions on costa and postmedially; a white line on discocellular edged with cinnamon rufous; a faint dark line straight from costa near apex to beyond middle of inner margin; the veins apricot buff.

Expanse 58 mm.

Habitat.—Lules, Argentine Republic. *Type*.—Cat. No. 27626, U. S. N. M.

Belongs to the group of *D. latemedia* Druce, *placida* Schs. and *tusina* Schs., having the basal spot on inner margin of fore wing as in those species, and is immediately distinguished by the ocellus of hind wing.

Strymon loki Skinner—A Correction. (Lepid., Lycaenidae).

I learn from Dr. John Adams Comstock that the life-history of the butterfly I described in *Entomological News*, June, 1924, is not that of *loki* Skinner, but of *siva* Edwards.

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